coconut palms in Fiji. This exhibit was sent to him by the Government Entomologist at Suva.

Bruchus sp. near coryphae Oliv.—Mr. Ehrhorn exhibited, also, specimens of this bruchid, which were reared from seeds of Ipomoea pcs-caprae, by Mr. E. L. Caum. The seeds were collected in an empty lot at the corner of Queen and Richard Streets, in Honolulu.

MARCH 6, 1924.

The 219th meeting of the Hawaiian Entomological Society was held at the H. S. P. A. Experiment Station at 2:30 p. m., President Swezey presiding. Other members present were Messrs. Bissell, Crawford, Ehrhorn, Rosa, Timberlake, Whitney, and Willard.

The minutes of the 218th meeting were read and approved.

t pon motion of Mr. Crawford, it was voted to comply with the request of The Science Museum of London that the Society donate a full set of its Proceedings to their library and place them on the mailing list for future publications.

NOTES AND EXHIBITIONS.

New records of Hawaiian ants.—Mr. Timberlake exhibited specimens of three ants, two of which have not been recorded heretofore from these islands, and the third previously unrecognized locally. These three species have been determined by Dr. William M. Wheeler. Epitritus wheeleri Donisthorpe. Three specimens collected by Mr. Swezey in a cane stool at Waimanalo, Oahu, June 30, 1922. The species was described from Honolulu in 1916. (Ent. Record 28, p. 121.) Monomorium fossulatum seychellense Emery. Several males of this subspecies were collected in Honolulu during the summer of 1916, the earliest one being dated May 2, 1916 (Timberlake); workers and one female were taken by Mr. Swezey at Puuloa, Oahu, April 10, 1922, nesting in the ground in a canefield. Several females were taken by Mr. Bryan in Makiki Valley, Oahu, September 30, 1922, and Mr. Pemberton collected workers at Hono-

kaa, Hawaii, in September, 1922. Monomorium latinode Mayr. A series of workers of this species was sent in to the Experiment Station from Nuuanu Valley in July, 1923.

Coleoptera collected in dead sisal.—Mr. Bissell exhibited specimens of the following Coleoptera which he collected in dead sisal back of the United States Experiment Station, Honolulu, February 14 and 18, 1924. Blapstinus sp., Gonocephalum seriatum (Boisd.), Oxydema fusiforme Woll. (Pseudolus hospes Perkins), Scyphophorus sp. (near acupunctatus). Of the Scyphophorus sp. he found numerous adults which were dead and mostly broken, dead pupae and larvae in pupal cases, and about two hundred pupal cases, which were constructed of the heavily massed fibers of the sisal leaves. A few of the cases contained dead larvae and pupae, but most of them had emergence holes which were usually turned toward the base of the leaf. The plant-stems had many holes, apparently made by the beetles passing from the leaf to the interior, or vice versa. A few adults and pupal cases were found attached to the inside of the stem, the pith of which was badly riddled by insects. One adult was found with a small hole in the anal end which may have been made by a dermestid. One dermestid larva and one cast skin were found in the plant. One dving sisal plant was examined, but no evidence of Scyphophorus was found.

Staphylinid beetle. — Mr. Swezey exhibited a large black staphylinid beetle collected by G. P. Wilder in cow dung at the Dowsett ranch above Kealakekua, Hawaii. It is the same species as a specimen exhibited at a previous meeting by Mr. Bissell, who stated that Mr. Pemberton had found it feeding on fruitfly larvae in guavas on the ground.

Bruchus sp. near coryphae Oliv.—Mr. Swezey exhibited capsules of Ipomoea pes-caprae with the eggs of this bruchid. They are laid individually, of a greenish color, oval, and the surface thimble-like.

Pseudaphycus utilis Timb.—Mr. Swezey reported having bred two specimens of this Mexican parasite of the avocado mealy bug from the Waianae Mountains. A small amount of the mealy bug was observed on guava at a place on the firebreak