## BRITISH ENTOMOLOGY;

BEING

## ILLUSTRATIONS AND DESCRIPTIONS

OF

## THE GENERA OF INSECTS

FOUND IN

## GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND:

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CONTAINING
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## COLOURED FIGURES FROM NATURE

of The most rare and beautiful species,
and in many instances
OF THE PLANTS UPON WHICH THEY ARE FOUND.

## BY JOHN CURTIS, F.L.S. <br> ,

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DERMAPTERA. DICTYOPTERA. ORTHOPTERA. STREPSIPTERA. hymenoptera, part I.

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436.

## EMPHYTUS FASCIATUS.

## Order Hymenoptera. Fam. Tenthredinidæ.

Type of the Genus, Tenthredo cincta Linn.
Emphytus Leach, Curt.-Dolerus Jur., Le Pel. St. Farg.-Tenthredo Linn., Fab., Klug.
Antenne inserted in front of the face, approximating, half the length of the body, filiform, clothed with short pile and 9jointed, basal joint cup-shaped, 2nd small, 3rd, 4th and 5th nearly of equal length, the remainder decreasing in length, the apical joint oval (1).
Labrum semiorbicular, pilose and ciliated with long hairs (2). Mandibles, one forming a long acute tooth at the apex with an obtuse point below, the interior margin sinuated (3); the other elongate-trigonate, less acute at the apex, with 2 obtuse teeth below the centre on the inside ( $3 *$ ).
Maxilla broad, terminated by a rounded, slightly pubescent lobe with a long internal one, pilose, curved and acuminated at the apex. Palpi long pilose and 6 -jointed, basal joint small, 2nd subclavate, scarcely so long as the 3rd which is linear, 4th the same length and clavate, 5 th and 6 th shorter, of equal length, the former subovate, the latter slender, linear, and slightly curved (4).
Mentum subrhombiform, truncated before and behind. Palpi rather long and pubescent, attached on each side towards the apex, 4 -jointed, basal joint the shortest, 2nd nearly twice as long, curved and clavate, 3rd dilated, obtrigonate, 4th as long as the 2nd subovate. Lip suborbicular, emarginate on each side at the base, trilobed, centre lobe narrow strap-shaped (5).
Head transverse : eyes prominent : ocelli 3. Thorax not broader than the head, globose. Abdomen sessile, rather long slender subcylindric, the back slightly angulated. Oviduct slightly exserted. Superior wings with 2 marginal and 3 submarginal cells, the central one being the shortest. Legs slender. Tibiæ simple, anterior short, furnished with 2 spurs at the apex, one dilated and bifid. Tarsi, anterior much longer than the tibia, 5-jointed, each joint excepting the last, with a membranous appendage beneath at the apex, basal joint long. Claws bifid near the apex. Pulvilli distinct (8, a fore leg).

Fasciatus Le Pel. Mon. Tent. p. 118. n. 346.-Curt. Guide, Gen. 470. $5^{\text {a }}$.
Black shining : 2 white spots at the base of the scutellum : abdomen with the 4 th, 5 th and 6 th segments (excepting the hinder margin of the last) orange : nervures and stigma pale brown: tips of posterior coxæ and trochanters white: upper side of anterior thighs towards the apex and tips of middle pair dirty white : all the tibiæ and tarsi bright ochre, tips of the latter and the greater portion of the posterior pair fuscous.

In the Author's Cabinet.

Emphytus is placed between Dolerus and Crœesus (pl. 17.); from the former it is at once distinguished by the great length of the first submarginal cell, and from the latter and the Nemati also, by its having 2 marginal and only 3 , instead of 4 submarginal cells.

The following are recorded as British species.

1. E. succinctus Klug.-togatus Panz. 82. 12.-June, July, and August; hedges and woods round London, Mr. Samouelle; and Parley, Dorset, Mr. Dale.
2. E. cinctus Linn.-Jurine, Pl. 6.-Middle of May, Coomb Wood, and gardens near London, J. C.-Glanville's Wootton, Mr. Dale; hedges and woods round London in June, July, and August.
3. E. togatus Fab . 4. E. melanarius Klug.
4. E. vicinus Le Pel. 118. 347.-Middle of August, Dover, and on leaves of Bur-reeds in ditches, Battersea, J. C.
5a. E. fasciatus Le P.-Curt. Brit. Ent. pl. 436 क.-The only specimen I have seen of this pretty insect, which has never before been figured, I took the middle of June at Glauville's Wootton.
5. E. rufocinctus $K l u g$.
6. E. calceatus Klug.
7. E. nigricans Klug.-varipes Le P.?
8. E. varipes Klug.-Beginning of May bred a male out of the stem of a Dog-rose (pl. 374.) ; the larva, which was found by Mr. E. T. Bennett, appeared to be feeding on the pith.
9. E. coronatus Klug.
10. E. luctuosus Le P. 119. 352.-14th May, Isle of Portland, J. C.
11. E. gilvipes Klug.
12. E. testaceipes Le P. 119.351.
13. E. serotinus Klug.
14. E. abdominalis Le P. 118. 345.-Middle of October on a window, Glanville's Wootton.
15. E. cereus Klug.-June, July, and August, hedges and woods, Mr. Samouelle.
16. E. filiformis Klug.
17. E. tibialis Jur.-Panz. 62. 11.?-braccata Gmel.-June, July, and August, Parley, Dorset, Mr. Dale.
18. E. patellatus Klug.
19. E. immersus Klug.-pallimacula Le Pel.-Glanville's Wootton, Mr. Dale.
20. E. impressus Klug.
21. E. ochroleucus Ste.

Mr. Dale has a species of this genus with seven legs, and I have a fly (Chrysogaster) with the same number: in the second volume of Germar's Magazine there is a figure of Elater variabilis of similar structure; but the most remarkable perhaps is the Chrysomela hacmoptera, fig. 5*, pl. 111. of British Entomology.

The Plant is Sparganium simplex (Less Bur-reed).

