NOMENCLATORIAL NOTES ON CICADELLIDAE

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The following new names are proposed:

Macropsis breakeiana n. n. for M. breakeyi Knull (Ann. Ent. Soc. Amer., 33 (2):371, 1940), not M. breakeyi Merino, (Phil. J. Sci., 61 (3), Nov. 1936.)

Erythroneura perplexa n. n. for E. ordinaria Knull and Auten (Ann. Ent. Soc. Amer., 31 (4):651, 1938), not E. ordinaria Ribaut (Faune de France 31, Homoptères Auchénorhynques 1, p. 47, 1937).

Erythoneura tithide var. nudista n. n. for E. tithide var. nudata Ribaut (Ibid, p. 61), not E. nudata McAtee (Trans. Amer. Ent. Soc., 46:316-317, Aug. 26, 1920).

A CHECK LIST OF THE CULICIDAE OF THE AUSTRALIAN REGION, by Frank H. Taylor. Publication No. 1, 24 pp., 1 map, 1934.

DENGUE. PART I. MEDICAL, by GEORGE F. LUMLEY. PART II. ENTO-MOLOGICAL, by Frank H. Taylor. Publication No. 3, 171 pp., 28 figs.,

MOSQUITO INTERMEDIARY HOSTS OF DISEASES IN AUSTRALIA AND NEW GUINEA, by Frank H. Taylor, Publication No. 4, 154 pp., 75 figs., 1943.

Service Publications (School of Public Health and Tropical Medicine), Department of Health, Commonwealth of Australia. Printed by Aus-TRALASIAN MEDICAL PUBLISHING COMPANY, LTD., Seamer St., Glebe, New South Wales. Paper bound, 6 x 91/2 inches.

Publication No. 1 is a list of 220 species of the three subfamilies Dixinge, Chaoborinae, and Culicinae known to occur in the zoogeographical area called the Australian Region. It is based upon extensive studies for many years by Mr. Taylor. Pertinent references are given for each species.

Publication No. 3 is based mainly upon published literature. It should be of particular interest right now to medical and sanitary officers who see to the health of military personnel in those parts of the world where dengue occurs.

Publication No. 4 lists and describes the various species of mosquitoes in Australia and New Guinea known to be associated with the transmission of disease,

and gives practical methods of control.

Publication No. 2 in this series, which this reviewer has not seen, deals with plumbism and chronic nephritis in young people in Queensland, and methods for the estimation of lead in biological materials.—CARL E. VENARD.